

OPTIONAL CONFIGURATIONS									
END TYPE:	LINER:	PRESSURE:							
Weld Ends	Schedule 40	150 Lbs							
Grooved Ends	Schedule 80	300 Lbs							
Plate Flanges		Consult Factory for Higher Pressure Applications							

ADDITIONAL LITERATURE PERTAINING TO THIS PRODUCT SERIES:

- ♦ Installation Guide
- Submittal Drawings
- Engineering Specification
- ♦ Multi-Ply Expansion Joint Selection Guide

 Dual Externally-Pressurized Expansion Joint (DEP Series) 100%

American Made

SPOTLIGHT ON MULTI-PLY EXPANSION JOINT



KEFLEX™ MULTI-PLY ADVANTAGES

- Increased flexibility
- Higher pressures attainable
- Lower thrust forces
- Lower spring rates & higher elasticity

ADVANTAGES:



MULTI-PLY SAFETY FACTORS - In a critical application, a multi-ply expansion joint can in most cases preclude a catastrophic failure. If a failure occurs in one ply due to corrosion or fatigue, the intact plies will work as a protective barrier to contain the pressure and the medium until a replacement can be made. Flex-Weld Multi-ply expansion joints are designed to provide utmost safety in the event of system failure. The burst pressures are a multiplier of the operating pressure making the Flex-Weld multi-ply bellows the most reliable component in the system.

• Minimal installation length required

• Elevated corrosion resistance

• Low cost

• Fail safe design--shoulder, liners, multi-ply standard construction

CYCLE LIFE OPTIMIZATION - The technical advantage of using multiple plies of thin wall thickness material is that less residual stresses are introduced at the time of bellows forming. Overall, Flex-Weld multi-ply expansion joints have lower built-in and induced stresses which ultimately results in longer cycle life. Also, the thinner gauge multiple plies have less localized induced stresses during operation compared to a single thicker ply. The configuration of the convolutions (pitch, depth, contour, number of plies, ply thickness) of FLEX-WELD multi-ply expansion joints are optimized to offer the highest fatigue life.





COMPACT DESIGN - Multi-ply expansion joints have more flexibility than conventional single-ply expansion joints and thus require less live length to accommodate a given movement. The live length of the bellows can be minimized to absorb a given combination of axial, lateral and angular movements. This results in an economical compact assembly which can be installed in a minimal amount of space. An additional benefit is a small effective area resulting in lower thrust pressures on the anchors and mechanical equipment in the system.

LOWER THRUST FORCES - The multi-ply design results in lower spring rates. Also, the effective cross sectional area of multi-ply expansion joints is less, compared to single-ply bellows, to accommodate a given movement. These two reductions result in lower forces and moments on the anchors, equipment and guides. A side benefit is that less anchors and guides will be required in the overall bellows piping system.



POTLIGHT ON MULTI-PLY EXPANSION JOINTS

MANUFACTURING CAPABILITIES



- Proprietary forming techniques produce metallic expansion joint bellows of consistent quality and close tolerances.
- In-process testing & inspection result in the most reliable expansion joints.
- Mechanically forming one convolution at a time minimizes material thinning.
- High frequency pulse TIG welds minimize the heat –affected (HAZ) zone and results in superior bellows strength, ductility and dependability.
- Diameters ranging from 2" I.D. to 12" I.D.
- Pressures ranging from vacuum to 1,000 PSI depending on application.
- Temperatures ranging from cryogenic to 2600°F
- Axial movements up to 8" depending up on size.
- Material handling from abrasive solids to corrosive gases and liquids.

EXPANSION JOINT BELLOWS MATERIALS

- T-321 Stainless Steel
- T-316 (L) Stainless Steel
- T-304 (L) Stainless Steel
- T-347 Stainless Steel
- Brass
- Beryllium Copper
- Phosphor Bronze
- Carpenter Alloy 20
- Inconel 625
- Inconel 625 LCF Haynes 230
- Monel 400
- Titanium
- Hastelloy B, B2
 - Other alloys available upon request

• Hastelloy C-276, C-22, C-2000

SPECIAL CAPABILITIES



- Mass Spec Leak Testing
- Teflon Coating
- Heat Treating
- Liquid Penetrant Testing / Radiography
- Plating
- Custom Flange Fitting Design
- Machining / Stamping
- Welding
- Laser, MIG, TIG, RSEW
- Soldering

- Brazing
- Material Selection
- Failure Analysis
- Concurrent Engineering
- Cleaning
- Electro-Polishing
- Special Testing
- Prototyping/Modeling
- CAD / CAM
- System Engineering and Design (Complete take offs)

, 3 QUICK & EASY SELECTIO



Determine the Operating Conditions

Use the Product Engineering Worksheet as a guide

Develop the Expansion Joint Requirements



Select the Proper Expansion Joint



DETERMINE THE OPERATING CONDITIONS & SYSTEM PARAMETERS

Determining the necessary information is the first step. Use the Keflex[™] Product Engineering Worksheet (Form #EJWS4102) as a guide to proper selection of a standard expansion joint .

Size	Name of Person Submitting Data:	Part Description	Quantity Required		
•ID	Size of Assembly:	Inches			
•OAL	Nominal size or inside diameter of the connecting end fittings				
DAL	Installed Length (OAL):	Inches			
	Space between connecting points	방법 같은 것은 것을 하셨다.			
Pipe Detail	Type of Media:				
	Indicate if liquid, steam, gas, exhaust, slurry, solids, etc.				
 Material Type 	Bellows Material Type:				
•Length of Run	Temperature of Flowing Media:	Operating °F	Maximum °F		
-	Indicate both operating and maximum temperatures of system	operating .			
Media	Temperature of Surrounding Atmosphere:	Min. Degrees °F	Max. Degrees °F		
vicula	Indicate both min. & max. temperatures of atmosphere at the expansion joint				
•External	Velocity of Flowing Media:	Feet/Sec	Gal/Min		
. T 1	In feet/Sec or Gallons/Min	이 전에게 안 물었는지	영제에 없는 것은 문서에서		
•Internal	Operating Pressure:	Positive PSIG	Negative HG		
	Actual pressure which system works under normal conditions	그는 것 같은 것은 것은 것이 같이 했다.	날아 없다. 아이지 않는		
System Temp. (Min/Max)	Design Pressure of the System:	Positive PSIG	Negative HG		
System Temp. (will/wax)	Highest / Most severe pressure during operation	에 가슴을 가장하는 것이 가슴다.			
	Test Method & Requirements:	Positive PSIG	Negative HG		
Ambient Temp. (°F)	Test method used and testing levels required for system				
1	Axial Movement (Compression/Extension):	Compression in Inches	Extension in Inches		
Design PSI	In inches as a result of system extension/expansion				
Design PSI	Lateral Deflection / Offset:				
	In inches				
Working PSI	Angular Movement:	Degrees			
er onning i si	In degrees				
Axial Compression	Liner / Shroud Type:	Liner	Shroud		
Axial Compression	Lead Time / Target Pricing:	Required Lead Time	Target Price		
	Lead Time / Target Pricing:	Required Lead Time	Talget Flice		
Axial Extension	End Fittings 1/E: Indicate end fitting requirements, thickness, material type &	configuration			
IXIdi Extension	Cha Fittings I/E. Indicate end litting requirements, thickness, material type a	configuration			
Lateral Deflection					
Lateral Deflection					
	End Fittings O/E: Indicate end fitting requirements, thickness, material type &	configuration			
Angular Motion					
Aligular Motion					
	System Accessories: Indicate any accessories required including; Guides, Co	ontrol Rods, Retaining Rings, Ancho	or Bases, Insulation, Etc.		
	Special Notes / Shipping instructions:				

2, 3 QUICK & EASY SELECTIO

DEVELOP THE EXPANSION JOINT REQUIREMENTS



Size—Measure pipe size (ID) of the system.

Type—Determine piping material type.

Run of Pipe—Length of pipe measured from anchor to anchor.

Media—Identify what is going through the expansion joint (i.e. water, air, steam, etc.).

Design PSI—Identify the pressure the system was designed to carry. Some systems carry a design pressure greater than the working pressure. If no design pressure is available, use the working pressure.

Working PSI—Identify the maximum working or operating pressure of the system.

System Temp. (°F) - Identify the max./min. temperature range of the system. This is necessary in order to determine maximum pipe growth and the expansion joint axial compression or extension required.

Ambient Temp. (°F) - External temperature to the system should be considered if it falls outside of the max./min. media temperatures.

Axial Motion (in.) also **Axial Extension (in.)** - Sometimes referred to as traverse, is defined as the amount of motion parallel to the longitudinal axis in a straight, guided pipe line which is absorbed by an expansion joint. **Compression:** As the pipe expands (lengthens) due to temperature increase, the expansion joint compresses (shortens). **Extension:** As the pipe contracts (shortens) due to temperature decrease (below installation temperature), the expansion joint will extend (lengthen).

Angular Motion (Degrees) - Also referred to as radial-angular movement, is defined as movement in which the ends are displaced at an angle to each other rather than remaining parallel. DOES NOT APPLY TO SEP SERIES.

Lateral Deflection—Lateral deflection, also referred to as shear or offset, is defined as single plane deflection from the center line of one end of an expansion joint, but with that end remaining parallel to the other end. **DOES NOT APPLY TO SEP SERIES.** How to Use the Thermal Expansion Table:

- **Example:** Find the expansion of 105ft. Of any diameter carbon steel pipe carrying steam at 138 PSIG and at a lowest surrounding ambient temperature of 40°F.
- Maximum temperature = 360°F (138 PSIG saturated steam)
- Calculated traverse (from table) Expansion per 100 ft. of carbon steel at 360°F = 2.88"
- Less expansion per 100 ft. of carbon steel at $300^{\circ}F = 2.88$
- Expected traverse per 100 ft. = 2.58'

Expansion of 105 ft. = (105 / 100) x 2.58" = 2.71"

Conclusion: Since an expansion joint is normally set at 80% in compression and 20% in extension, an expansion joint with 4" total axial movement should be selected.

Thermal Expansion of Pipe in Inches per 100 Feet										
Saturated Steam Vacuum in HG below 212°F, Pressure, PSIG above 212°F	Temp. ° F	Cast Iron	Carbon Steel or Steel	Wrought Iron	4-6% Cr. Alloy Steel	18 Cr 8Ni Stainless Steel	Copper			
	-200	-1.058	-1.282	-1.289	-1.250	-2.030	-1.955			
	-180	-0.982	-1.176	-1.183	-1.150	-1.850	-1.782			
	-160	-0.891	-1.066	-1.073	-1.030	-1.670	-1.612			
	-140	-0.797	-0.948	-0.955	-0.970	-1.480	-1.428			
	-120	-0.697	-0.826	-0.833	-0.800	-1.300	-1.235			
	-100	-0.593	-0.698	-0.705	-0.700	-0.900	-1.040			
	-80	-0.481	-0.563	-0.570	-0.500	-0.880	-0.835			
	-60	-0.368	-0.428	-0.435	-0.430	-0.670	-0.630			
	-40	-0.248	-0.288	-0.295	-0.920	-0.450	-0.421			
	-20	-0.127	-0.145	-0.152	-0.145	-0.225	-0.210			
29.39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	20	0.128	1.148	0.180	0.140	0.223	0.238			
	32	0.209	0.230	0.280	0.234	0.356	0.366			
	40	0.270	0.300	0.350	0.280	0.446	0.451			
	60	0.410	0.448	0.540	0.430	0.669	0.684			
28,89	80	0.550	0.580	0.710	0.500	0.892	0.896			
27.99	100	0.680	0.753	0.887	0.650	1.115	1.134			
26,48	120	0.830	0.910	1.058	0.800	1.338	1.366			
24,04	140	0.970	1.064	1.240	0.950	1.545	1.590			
20,27	160	1.110	1.200	1.420	1.100	1.784	1.804			
14.63	180	1.240	1.360	1.580	1.250	2.000	2.051			
6.45	200	1.390	1.520	1.750	1.400	2.230	2.296			
0	212	1.480	1.610	1.870	1.500	2.361	2.428			
2.50	220	1.530	1.680	1.940	1.550	2.460	2.516			
10.30	240	1.670	1.840	2.120	1.720	2.680	2.756			
20.70	260	1.820	2.020	2.300	1.880	2.920	2.985			
34.50	280	1.970	2.180	2.470	2.050	3.150	3.218			
52.30	300	2.130	2.350	2.670	2.200	3.390	3.461			
74.90	320	2.268	2.530	2.850	2.370	3.615	3.696			
103.30	340	2.430	2.700	3.040	2.530	3.840	3.941			
138.30	360	2.590	2.880	3.230	2.700	4.100	4.176			
180.90	380	2.750	3.060	3.425	2.860	4.346	4.424			
232.40	400	2.910	3.230	3.620	3.010	4.580	4.666			
293.70	420	3.090	3.421	3.820	3.180	4.800	4.914			
366.10	440	3.250	3.595	4.020	3.350	5.050	5.154			
451.30	460	3.410	3.784	4.200	3.530	5.300	5.408			
550.30	480	3.570	3.955	4.400	3.700	5.540	5.651			
664.30	500	3.730	4.151	4.600	3.860	5.800	5.906			
795.30	520	3.900	4.342	4.810	4.040	6.050	6.148			
945.30	540	4.080	4.525	5.020	4.200	6.280	6.410			
1115.00	560	4.250	4.730	5.220	4.400	6.520	6.646			
1308.00	580	4.430	4.930	5.430	4.560	6.780	6.919			
1525.00	600	4.600	5.130	5.620	4.750	7.020	7.184			
1768.00	620	4.790	5.330	5.840	4.920	7.270	7.432			
2041.00	640	4.970	5.530	6.050	5.100	7.520	7.689			
2346.00 2705.00 3080.00	660 680 700 720 740	5.150 5.330 5.520 5.710 5.900	5.750 5.950 6.160 6.360 6.570	6.250 6.470 6.670 6.880 7.100	5.300 5.480 5.650 5.850 6.030	7.770 8.020 8.280 8.520 8.780	7.949 8.196 8.472 8.708 8.999			
	760	6.090	6.790	7.320	6.220	9.050	9.256			
	780	6.280	7.000	7.530	6.410	9.300	9.532			
	800	6.470	7.230	7.730	6.610	9.580	9.788			
	820	6.660	7.450	7.960	6.800	9.820	10.068			
	840	6.850	7.660	7.180	7.000	10.100	10.308			

Note: The shaded area indicates the maximum and minimum recommended temperature for each material. For applications requiring lower or higher temperatures, consult the factory. From the Piping Handbook by Sabin Crocker, McGraw-Hill Publishing Co. & Acme Paper No. 53-A-52, 1954.

NOTE: Expansion joints are not designed to absorb torsional movement or stress. Subjecting an expansion joint to torsion of any amount may drastically affect operating life and will void the warranty. Consult factory if torsion is present.

Axial Compre

Axial Exten

Lateral Deflec

Single Externally-Pressurized Expansion Joints



SELECT THE PROPER EXPANSION JOINT





	Working Pressure @ 650°F												
			150 PSI					300 PSI					
	Size (in)	Axial Compression	Flanged	Ends	Weld	Ends	Spring Rate	Flanged	l Ends	Weld H	Ends	Spring Rate	Effective Area
		(in)	OAL (in)	LBS	OAL (in)	LBS	Rate	OAL (in)	LBS	OAL (in)	LBS	Kate	Alta
6 3	1"	4	22-1/2	23	22	19	40	23-1/2	25	23	20	60	7.8"
A		6	29-3/4	30	29-1/4	26	25	30-3/4	32	30-1/4	28	40	
		8	36-5/8	35	36-1/8	31	20	37-5/8	37	37-1/8	33	30	
	1-1/4"	4	23	26	22-1/2	20	40	24	33	23-1/2	22	60	
		6	30	34	29-1/2	29	25	31	41	30-1/2	31	40	
		8	36-7/8	39	36-1/8	33	20	37-7/8	44	37-3/8	35	30	
	1-1/2"	4	23	26	22-1/2	20	40	24	33	23-1/2	22	60	
		6	30	35	29-1/2	29	25	31	38	30-1/2	31	40	
		8	36-7/8	39	36-3/8	33	20	37-7/8	41	37-3/8	35	30	
	2"	4	23-1/2	44	23	33	40	24-1/2	44	24	35	60	
		6	30-1/2	56	30	46	25	31-1/2	60	31	48	40	
		8	37-3/8	65	36-7/8	55	20	38-3/8	70	37-7/8	58	30	
	2-1/2"	4	26-3/8	51	25-7/8	35	160	27-3/8	54	26-7/8	37	230	19.8
		6	33-3/8	65	32-7/8	50	100	34-3/8	68	33-7/8	52	150	
		8	43-3/8	75	42-7/8	60	80	44-3/8	79	43-7/8	63	120	
	3"	4	26-3/8	63	25-7/8	46	160	27-3/8	68	26-7/8	48	230	
		6	33-3/8	74	32-7/8	57	100	34-3/8	79	33-7/8	60	150	
		8	43-3/8	91	42-7/8	74	80	44-3/8	96	43-7/8	78	120	
	3-1/2"	4	26-3/8	93	25-7/8	69	160	27-3/8	98	26-7/8	72	230	
		6	33-3/8	109	32-7/8	86	100	34-3/8	115	33-7/8	90	150	
		8	43-3/8	175	42-7/8	152	80	44-3/8	180	43-7/8	163	120	
	4"	4	25-3/4	99	25-1/4	72	165	26-3/4	121	26-1/4	74	230	29.5"
		6	33-5/8	117	33-1/8	89	105	34-5/8	127	34-1/8	94	150	
		8	39-5/8	144	39-1/8	116	85	40-5/8	156	40-1/8	124	120	
	5"	4	26-7/8	128	26-3/8	95	320	27-7/8	150	27-3/8	97	500	66.8"
		6	34-7/8	149	34-3/8	116	225	35-7/8	175	35-3/8	120	350	
		8	44-3/8	171	43-7/8	138	160	45-3/8	195	44-7/8	143	250	
	6"	4	26-7/8	144	26-3/8	102	320	27-7/8	164	27-3/8	106	500	
*_*_*_*_*_*		6	34-7/8	167	34-3/8	125	225	35-7/8	187	35-3/8	130	350	
^^******	0"	8	44-3/8	191	43-7/8	149	160	45-3/8	213	44-7/8	155	250	017
*****	8"	4	25-1/4	228	24-3/4	161	440	26-1/4	236	25-3/4	168	600	81"
		6	31-3/4	265	31-1/4	198	320	32-3/4	285	32-1/4	209	450	
40004	10"	8	40-7/8	302	40-3/8	236	220	41-7/8	314	41-3/8	250	300	121"
100%	10"	4	25-1/4	306	24-3/4	209	490	26-1/4	336	25-3/4	216	900 670	121"
American Made		6 8	31-3/4	358	31-1/4	261	350	32-3/4	388	32-1/4	272	670	
		0	40-7/8	434	40-3/8	337	240	41-7/8	483	41-3/8	354	450	